Improving HIV screening of TB patients in Santa Clara County

Julie Higashi, MD PhD CTCA Spring Meeting, May 15, 2011

status of TE						
	Di Di	ıblic	Priva	to.	Total	
	n	(%)	n Filva	(%)	n	
Total Known HIV Status	70	(77)	21	(23)	91 (46)	
Negative	F	6 (77)	20	(23)	86	
Positive		4 (80)		(20)	5	
Total Unknown HIV Status	14	(13)	92	(87)	106 (54)	
Refused		0 (0)	5	(100)	5	
		0 (0)	2	(100)	2	
Not Offered						
			1	(100)		
Test Done, Results Unknown		0 (0) 0 (0) 5 (22)		(100) (78)	1 23	
		0 (0) 5 (22)	1 18		1 23 74	
Test Done, Results Unknown Test Offered, No further Documentation		0 (0) 5 (22)	1 18 65	(78)		

Barriers to getting HIV status

- MDs reluctant to get status on age extremes and populations perceived to be low risk
 - MD education re: HIV is routine part of TB care
- MDs reluctant to give us status b/c of confidentiality
 - New legislation allowing reporting of HIV status within public health system in CA
 - Confusion regarding the legislation to allow reporting of HIV status between health care providers for surveillance purposes
- Cost of HIV test
- Access to HIV test
 - Field testing HIV
- TB program confusion about HIV status and confidentiality

SCC approach for improving our HIV status indicator in cases

- TB clinic
- Reminders to TB clinic MDs to get HIV status on pts
- Agree to get HIV status on children
- Private providers
 - Educate MDs about importance of HIV status to make decisions related to treatment of TB
 - Track and request HIV status
 - If patient hospitalized HIV status would be requested as part of Gotch approval process
- Within our TB program
 - Education to PHNs, CDIs about importance of HIV status
 - Multiple layers of tracking HIV status
 - Reporting arm (CDIs)
 - Case management arm (PHNs)
 - Electronic medical record line listing coordinated with case

Example: Case Conference "nuts and bolts"

- New reporting form came on line this year
- Passage of bill now enables us to report HIV status on this report
- Both CDC and the state public health department will be using HIV status as an indicator of quality
- CDIs will be looking for evidence of HIV status please scan in lab reports
- We will be looking for HIV status within six months of diagnosis

Ex: Approach to getting status on contacts to TB cases

- New York City has found that if index is HIV positive, contacts are very likely to also be HIV positive
- We will focus on getting HIV status on all contacts to HIV infected TB cases
- We will work with TB clinic re: their approach to HIV status in contacts
- Consider combining HIV/QFT testing for our draws

Programmatic infrastructure to support HIV testing

- Bimonthly case conferences
 - Line list of patients includes whether HIV status is known (like DOT, etc...)
 - Case managers include HIV status on Drug-o-gram so that CDIs can update RVCT
- Electronic public health record
 - HIV status included in initial patient interview and if case manager records - will populate line list
- Provider education
 - Initial letter of introduction includes HIV status in the list of information we need to obtain along with culture conversion, cxr, etc..
 - Request HIV status if not yet known
 - TB clinic agreed to test all patients for HIV status

Incentives to get HIV status

- HIV status is a prerequisite to changes in DOT frequency (very effective for both providers and patients)
 - Daily -> Biweekly DOT
 - Daily -> DOT/SAT
- Have not used FSIE for HIV status

HIV status of TB cases, 2011

	n (%)
Total Known HIV Status	141 (78)
Negative	138 (76)
Positive	3 (2)
Total Unknown HIV Status	40 (22)
Unknown	35 (19)
Dead at diagnosis	3 (2)
Refused	1 (0.5)
Lost to follow-up	1 (0.5)

Challenges, next steps

- Implement systematic approach to reviewing reasons why TB patients did not get HIV tested, i.e, mini cohort review
- Providers flat out refuse to test
 - Private providers
 - Older MDs, generally not familiar with treatment of
 - Reluctance to broach HIV testing because of discomfort of discussing with patient
- Patients occasionally refuse, but providers seem to be the more challenging group to educate
- Training of CDIs re: reporting HIV status to state
 - Helpful to get line list of HIV status

An Anecdote

- Through routine screening in private provider patients, HIV/AIDS case was a surprise
 - 55 yo Vietnamese man, married
 - Two children, school aged
- Fits the profile for what providers describe as "low risk["]
- Family tested
 - wife found to have HIV/AIDS
 - Children school aged both tested negative
- Both placed on ARVs

Acknowledgements

- TB Prevention and Control Program
 - Cynthia Haines, RN, PHN Manager and TB Program Manager (PHIHS)
- Regional Nursing
 - Elinor Stetson, RN, PHN Manager
- TB clinic
 - Andrea Polesky, MD PhD
 - Gulshan Bhatia, MRCP
- CDPH, TB Branch
 - Darryl Kong
 - Jenny Flood, MD
 - Neha Shah, MD
 - Peter Oh